



**Prod. Ref.** NT260-000  
**Safety cat.** S3 SRC  
**Range of sizes** 40 - 48 (6,5 - 13)  
**Weight (sz. 8)** 820 g  
**Shape** B  
**Wide** 11

**Description:** Tan water repellent printed leather rigger boot, Unlined, antistatic, anti-shock, slipping resistant, with stainless steel midsole.

**Plus:** Footbed **AIR** made of EVA and fabric, antistatic, anatomic, holed, antistatic. It guarantees high stability thanks to its different thicknesses in the plantar area. PU toe cap protection.

**Suggested uses:** Engineering jobs, maintenance jobs, buildings, industries.

**Care and maintenance:** Clean after each use and dry off away from direct heat; treat the leather with a suitable shoe-polish. Avoid contact with aggressive chemicals or extreme temperature. Avoid immersion in sea water, lime water or cement mixed with water.

### MATERIALS / ACCESSORIES

<b>Complete shoe</b>	<b>Toe cap:</b> steel made, varnished with epoxy resin, impact resistant until 200 J and compression resistant until 1500 kg
	<b>Anti perforation midsole:</b> stainless steel, penetration resistance, varnished with epoxy resin
	<b>Antistatic shoe:</b> the bottom is fit for the dissipation of electrostatic charges
	<b>Energy absorption system:</b> polyurethane low density and heel profile
<b>Upper</b>	Tan water repellent printed leather thickness 1,6/1,8 mm
<b>Vamp</b>	Felt, breathable, colour dark grey
<b>lining</b>	thickness 1,2 mm
<b>Insole</b>	Antistatic, absorbent, abrasion and flaking resistant..
<b>Sole</b>	Antistatic dual-density Polyurethane directly injected in the upper: Outsole: black, high density, slipping resistant, abrasion resistant and hydrocarbons resistant, Midsole: black, low density, comfortable and anti-shock Adherence coefficient of the sole

### SAFETY TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Clause EN ISO 20345:2011	Description	Unit	Cofra result	Requirement
5.3.2.3	Shock resistance (clearance after shock)	mm	<b>16</b>	⬇️ 14
5.3.2.4	Compression resistance (clearance after compression)	mm	<b>15</b>	⬇️ 14
6.2.1	Penetration resistance	N	<b>1635</b>	⬇️ 1100
6.2.2.2	Electric resistance			
	- wet	M <sub>Ω</sub>	<b>280</b>	⬇️ 0.1
	- dry	M <sub>Ω</sub>	<b>820</b>	↑ 1000
6.2.4	Shock absorption	J	<b>&gt; 35</b>	⬇️ 20
5.4.6	Water vapour permeability	mg/cmq h	<b>&gt; 2,4</b>	⬇️ 0,8
	Permeability coefficient	mg/cmq	<b>&gt; 27,9</b>	> 15
6.3.1	Water resistance	minutes	<b>&gt; 60</b>	> 60
5.5.3	Water vapour permeability	mg/cmq h	<b>&gt; 5,3</b>	⬇️ 2
	Permeability coefficient	mg/cmq	<b>&gt; 43,1</b>	⬇️ 20
5.7.4.1	Abrasion resistance	cycle	<b>&gt; 400</b>	⬇️ 400
5.8.3	Abrasion resistance (lost volume)	mm <sup>3</sup>	<b>84</b>	↑ 150
5.8.4	Flexing resistance (cut increase)	mm	<b>2</b>	↑ 4
5.8.6	Interlayer bond strength	N/mm	<b>&gt; 5</b>	⬇️ 4
6.4.2	Hydrocarbons resistance ( $\Delta V$ = volume increase)	%	<b>+ 1,8</b>	↑ 12
5.3.5	SRA : ceramic + detergent solution – flat		<b>0,60</b>	⬇️ 0,32
	SRA : ceramic + detergent solution – heel (contact angle 7°)		<b>0,50</b>	⬇️ 0,28
	SRB : steel + glycerol – flat		<b>0,28</b>	⬇️ 0,18
	SRB : steel + glycerol – heel (contact angle 7°)		<b>0,19</b>	⬇️ 0,13

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